APPENDIX I.

[Vide answer to Starred Question No. 464 at page 339.]

The following eight villages in Kallakurichi taluk will be benefited by the Gomukhi Nadhi Reservoir Scheme :—

(1) Vadakkanandal.
(2) Mathur.
(3) Madhavacheri.
(4) Palarambathur.
(5) Tirukkanangur.
(6) Manmalai.
(7) Karadisithur.
(8) Thavadipattu.

கள்ளக்குறிச்சி தாலூகாவில் உள்ள கீழ்க்கண்ட எட்டு கிராமங்கள் கோமுகி ந்தி அணை நீர்த்தேக்கத் திட்டத்தினால் பயனடையும் :—

1. வடக்கானந்தல்.
2. மாத்தூர்.
3. மாதவச்சேரி.
4. பாலாரம்பட்டூர்.
5. திருக்கானங்கூர்.
6. மாண்மலை.
7. கரடி சித்தூர்.
8. தாவடிப்பட்டு.

APPENDIX II.

[Vide answer to Starred Question No. 467 at page 340.]

A Scheme for undertaking plant protection measures on cotton in Madras State has been sanctioned at a total cost of Rs. 5 lakhs during 1962–63. Proposals for the continuance of the scheme during 1963–64 are still awaited from the Director of Agriculture.

The object of the scheme is to undertake intensive prophylactic and control measures on a large scale against pests and diseases of cotton crop through offer of incentive to growers by supplying pesticides and fungicides at half cost. During 1963–64, the scheme is proposed to cover 70,000 acres of cotton crop. The amount of subsidy proposed under the scheme is Rs. 7 lakhs. In addition, 30,000 acres of winter Cambodia crop in Coimbatore District and 30,000 acres of summer Cambodia crop in Ramanathapuram District are proposed to be brought under Package Programme. It is proposed to try a combined spray of Folidol and D.D.T. 50 per cent wettable powder to control the green caterpillar *Heliothis Armigera*. In using this spray schedule, the larvae are immediately knocked down by Folidol and residual action by D.D.T. This was very successful to arrest the further spread of the green caterpillar this year. If there is incidence of